

A loudspeaker consists of two drive units. - a high-frequency (HF) unit (tweeter), and a low frequency (LF) unit (woofer) they employ a "cross-over network" to direct low signal frequencies to the woofer, and high frequencies to the tweeter. This set up enables the loudspeaker to be bi-wired. In a biwire configuration 2 pairs of speaker cables are employed in order to ensure that the signals for

the tweeter and woofer are sent by separate routes. Here, the cables feeding the higher frequencies (H.F.) are not affected by electromagnetic interference from the low frequency signals (L.F.), which are carried in separate conductors.

Biwiring Advantages

Using a **biwiring configuration** the net effect is a reduction in impedance seen by the amplifier; load is reduced and frequency response increased. The upshot of which is a genuine extension of soundstage and dynamics. More information on biwiring can be found here.

With the CS4.2+ biwire cable, 190 stands of five nines (5N) purity have been added to the 4 conductors ensuring even greater detail and clarity of a standard single-wire set-up. All four conductors are contained within a discreet and flexible single sheath for infinite ease of use. These four conductors are each precision-weave multi-strand UHP-OFC[™] conductors.

This cable clearly outperforms similar priced cables and we believe offers unprecedented value for

money, particularly when used in inexpensive installations.

May be configured 2-to-4 or 4-to-4 and terminated in z/x copper bananas or spades.

Order here

Technical Specifications

- O UHP-OFC[™] multi-stranded conductors
- Superior low-loss Polypropylene dielectric
- Rope-lay weave twisted pair configuration
- 2.8mm sq x-section

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We cannot stress enough that significant improvements are possible from matching mains cable, loudSpeaker and interconnect cable-grade-wise (see our 'at-a-glance' Cable Match Table) throughout your system, thus enhancing synergy.

